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Annual Catalog

Small Fruit Plants

1888 STRAWBERRY PLANTS **1924**
A SPECIALTY

LA FRANCE FRUIT AND PLANT FARMS
F.W. DIXON, HOLTON, KAN.





F. W. DIXON

To Our Friends and Patrons

For more than 40 years we have been growing strawberries and strawberry plants in Jackson county, Kansas. We are satisfied that we can grow as good or better plants than are grown anywhere on earth. This season we have the best crop of plants in twenty years. We have had the most favorable season for growing plants in all that time, and because of this fact we are able to lower prices a little. Labor and expenses are more than they were a year ago; consequently, plants will never be supplied at pre-war prices. We have 48 acres of new plant fields and we feel that we can supply the needs of all planters. We can supply you with the best plants at reasonable prices. We guarantee satisfaction and want you for our customer.

F. W. DIXON,
Holton, Kansas.

SPECIAL OFFER!

TO INTRODUCE our plants, we will send 125 Senator Dunlap strawberry plants parcel post, prepaid to any part of the United States, for \$1.00; 100 Progressive Everbearers by parcel post prepaid for \$1.35. Don't fail to take advantage of this offer and try some of our plants.



Field of Our Strawberry Plants



Strawberry Short Cake. Plant Progressive Everbearing Strawberries and You Can Have Strawberry Short Cake From June Till Frost

Something About Our Business

We are the only strawberry plant growing firm in the Central West and are located nearer the center of the United States than any other grower. We try to give everyone a square deal. We have never exploited old varieties under new names. We have never recommended any but the best sorts. We supply you with plants true to name and you must do the rest. We believe there are too many varieties on the average grower's list and we recommend only those varieties which will pay you to plant. We have tested all the varieties that are worth while and think we know the kinds that will succeed with you.

Instructions to Customers

When Writing. Please sign name plainly. Be sure to give your post office, county and state.

All Orders are acknowledged on receipt of same. If you do not hear from us promptly, write us.

Terms. Cash with order or one-fourth cash. Balance before shipment, or C. O. D.

References. As to our reliability we refer you to the State Bank of Holton or any other bank in Holton, postmaster, or our express agent.

Large Orders. Following discounts will be made from catalog price on large orders. Orders over \$30, 5 per cent discount; orders over \$100, 10 per cent discount.

How to Send Money. By check, bank draft, express money order, post office money order or registered letter.

Complaints. Regard to shortage or error must be made within ten days after stock is received and we are glad to make good all our mistakes. If stock should accidentally prove untrue to name, we will replace same free of charge. We are liable for not more than the cost price of plants.

Claims to the Express Company. If stock arrives in poor condition have your express agent to note same on express bill so that we can note claims to the express company. We guarantee all stock to reach you in good condition by parcel post or express.

Substitution. We do not substitute without permission, unless orders received late in season, we substitute with a variety similar.

Order Early. The earlier the better, this helps us and helps you. If not prepared to send all the money with the order, send part and balance before shipment.

Method of Shipment. Express is probably the best, all things considered. We ship all plants by express unless otherwise instructed.

Freight. Very little stock is shipped by freight any more because the service is very uncertain.

Parcel Post. Practically all small orders are shipped by parcel post and it is the cheapest way for all points in the first, second and third zones. We are located almost in the center of the United States and can give better parcel post service than any other plant grower in America. See Page 12 for parcel post rates and estimated weights of plants.

Packing. We make no charge for packing, which is done in the best possible manner. We use light crates for express shipments and use safe pack paper for all small orders, using plenty of damp moss.

Labeling. Every bunch is labeled. Sometimes we run out of labels and in that case the varieties are carefully separated in the package and labeled.

Shipping Season. We generally commence shipping plants by the first of March, but some seasons are later than others. Our shipping season continues until May 25th.

Our Guaranty. We are very careful in growing, labeling and packing plants. Mistakes seldom occur. We guarantee our plants to be true to name and free from insect diseases. Will not be responsible for more than the price of the plants. All claims for loss must be made at once on receipt of plants. All plants are delivered to the transportation company in first-class condition and thereupon our responsibility ceases.

Substitution. We have a large stock of plants and it is not likely that we will need to substitute. We do not substitute early in the season. But sometimes when an order comes in late in the season and we are out of some variety we substitute some similar variety unless expressly ordered not to do so. In all cases our customers' interests are first. If any customer is dissatisfied about any thing we want to hear from him promptly.

Dixon Strawberry Plants Have Satisfied the Biggest Planters for Years

Root Systems on DIXON PLANTS Cannot Be Beaten



A Bunch of Just 25 DIXON Strawberry Plants

Profit in Growing Strawberries

Probably there is no other crop that brings as much profit as strawberries on a small area. However, we do not advise anyone to plant strawberries expecting to get immensely wealthy. It cannot be done. Everybody ought to have fresh strawberries and the best way to get them is to grow them yourself. Anyone with a small plot of ground can grow enough strawberries for family use at a profit of 500%. Then, one gets quick results on strawberries. There is no other fruit that brings returns so quickly. Any community can consume all the strawberries grown on from one to ten acres, with a good profit to the grower; but we do not advise anyone to grow strawberries for a distant market. Plant some strawberries now. Do not wait; the cost is little compared to what you will receive and we have good plants that will pay you to plant.

Some Reasons Why Our Plants are the Kind You Want

First.—We know just what varieties will succeed with you and give you the correct information about each variety.

Second.—Our plants are fresh dug, packed in the best possible manner and guaranteed to reach you in good condition by mail or express.

Third.—We have been in the business for thirty-nine years and we want every customer to be satisfied.

How to Grow Strawberries

I began growing strawberries when twelve years of age in this County. There is something new to learn each year. I have come to the conclusion that the **weather** is the cause of most failures; yet in forty years' experience I never had but one total failure and that in 1893. Frost on May 18th that season wiped out the crop. The more you know about strawberries the better crops you can grow; but anyone who knows how to grow a garden can grow a profitable crop of strawberries. Almost any location and soil will grow strawberries;

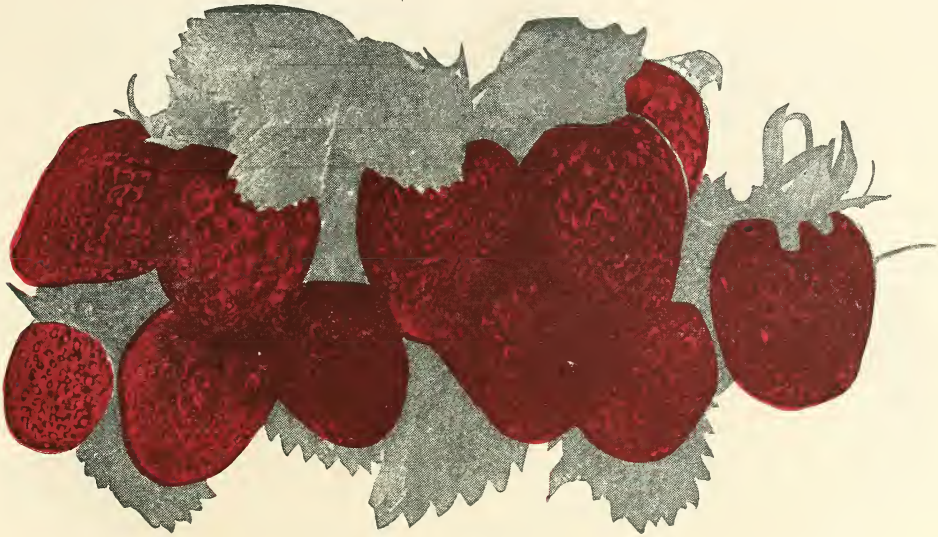
but they will not succeed if weeds are allowed to grow. Prepare your ground by plowing deep late in the fall. Then harrow down well early in the spring and plant early, in rows three and one-half feet apart and eighteen to twenty-four inches apart in the row. We use a planting machine requiring three men and team to operate. The past four years it has been difficult to get help to do good work with it. For a small plot use a spade or dibble and firm the soil well about the roots. Do not plant too deep or too shallow. The plant will suggest to you just how deep to plant. We begin cultivation at once, using some tool that will cultivate shallow. The Planet Jr. eleven-tooth cultivator is good for this. We also use a double-row cultivator for cultivating when weeds get larger or when we need to cultivate deeper. We always mulch early, usually beginning before December 1st. Plants must be mulched to insure them against severe weather during the winter. Most of the mulch can be drawn between the rows in April; it will save moisture, keep down weeds and keep the berries clean.

Picking

For the past two or three seasons picking has been our problem. People just won't do anything that looks like work, especially town folks. It sure does cost to pick them; so we sell most of our berries on the vines and as it costs almost \$2.00 per crate to pick a crate and deliver a crate of strawberries to a customer, we charge that much less in the field. Every one who grows berries for market must work out their own salvation. There is every reason to believe that it will be years before strawberries will become a drug on the market.

Digging Plants

We dig our plants with a machine and this insures good roots. Of course, we dig the entire row. All our plants are, when the weather is favorable, counted and tied in the field; but when it is not, the plants are carried to the packing house, counted, labeled and tied twenty-six in a bunch.



Dunlap

Description of Strawberry Varieties

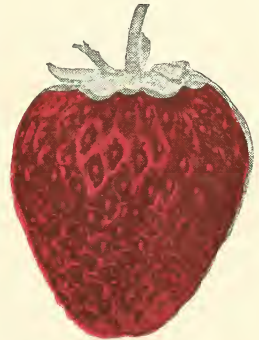
We have always tried to stick closely to the facts as we have learned them. For several seasons past we have not had normal weather conditions. Last season was no exception. The weather was entirely too wet during fruit season, but most varieties made a fairly good crop of good berries. This season has been so favorable that all varieties made almost a perfect plant growth.



August Luther

Extra Early Varieties

AUGUST LUTHER (Per.) We consider this the best extra early. Foliage is very healthy and the plant a good grower. The berry is of good size and color and looks fine in the box. This sort succeeds best on light soil. Productive.



Collins

Early Varieties

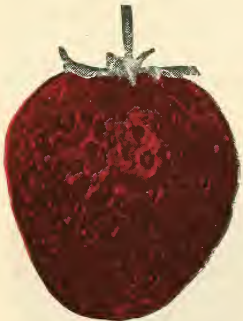
BEDERWOOD (Per.) Is an old variety that succeeds well anywhere. Is a favorite in Colorado. Plant is a thrifty grower but small and the foliage is subject to rust when the weather is unfavorable. The berry is very large when plants are kept thin and are small if plants are too thick on the ground. The berry is too soft for shipment. Color good. Berry roundish and seldom knotty.

COLLINS (Per.) Very similar to Bederwood in plant growth. Foliage larger and better. Berry large but inclined to be irregular.

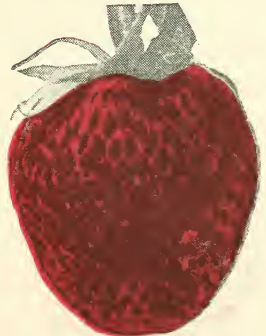
HOWARD No. 17 (Per.) This and Premier are so near alike that we have been unable to find any difference. The plant growth is fine. Foliage very dark and healthy. Fruit firm and large. Eastern sections say it is the best early. This is a good one to plant.

PREMIER (Per.) As far as we can see it is one and the same as the Howard No. 17.

KLONDIKE (Per.) A good sort to plant in the South but not valuable here. The plant is fine and healthy but not always hardy. Does well in the South. Berry large and roundish, firm, good color. A good shipper.



Klondike



Premier



Dunlap Strawberries

Medium Varieties

BLACK BEAUTY (Per.) Really a very fine sort. Berry large, excellent color and flavor. Looks fine in the box. Plant growth good. We regret that our supply is small; but try it.

GIBSON (Per.) About the only rival the Dunlap really has. The plant is very large and healthy. Foliage fine and healthy. Does not make runners very freely. Very productive of large, even shaped berries of best color. Looks fine in the box. Size of the berry holds up to the end of the season. Quality good. You make no mistake if you plant Gibson.

GRAND MARIE (Per.) A fine large berry of extra good quality. Of the fig type. Plant is good and makes a good growth. Try it.

DR. BURRILL (Per.) If there is any difference between Dunlap and Burrill I fail to see it and I have bought plants from the introducer and from several other parties.

DUNLAP (Per.) The berry for the millions and for the millionaire. The plant growth is all that can be desired. Plant is strong and hardy and bears transplanting well. It makes plenty of new plants for a crop next year. Always produces a crop and the plant is so hardy that it is never injured by the worst weather. The berry is firm but too soft for shipping, which is its worst fault. The best car-

ning sort and best for home market. It is best on any soil; always succeeds. I wish every farm in the State of Kansas had a bed of Dunlap. It will solve a lot of your problems. Plant Dunlap; talk Dunlap. Get your neighbors to join with you and buy Dunlap plants for home use at least.

WARFIELD (Imp.) This well known variety is popular almost everywhere. The plant growth is not as good as Dunlap and the plant suffers from drouth sometimes. The berry is not as large as desired, but good color. Plant very prolific. Berry one of the best for canning. Does best on heavy soil and do not allow plants to set too thickly.

Late Varieties

AROMA (Per.) This well known sort is more largely planted as a commercial berry every year. Really the best shipper known. Only moderately prolific. But the berry is large, fine shape, good bright color, carries well. The berry will hang on the vines a long time. It is one variety that holds its own and is gaining in popularity. The plant is healthy but short rooted. Does not transplant as well as Dunlap. Foliage good and free from disease. You can always sell Aroma for \$1.00 per crate more than ordinary sorts.

GANDY (Per.) Our best very late sort. Plant is good and very hardy. You get the best crops the

second year. Berry inclined to be knotty some seasons. Berry very large and good color and a good shipper. The plant does best on heavy soil.

GLEN MARY (Per.) A very fine late sort. But plant makes few runners. The plant is very large and healthy. Always high priced. A great yielder of fine large pointed berries of good color and flavor. You make no mistake when you plant Glen Mary.

BRANDYWINE (Per.) A great berry in California. The plant growth here is all right but the crop of berries are seldom satisfactory. The first picking gives us some very large fine berries. But they rapidly dwindle in size.

SAMPLE (Imp.)—A good late berry of the Aroma type, only darker and more prolific.

Strawberries are the one fruit that anyone can grow. Why wait?



Gandy



Aroma



Everbearing Strawberries

The everbearing strawberry is here to stay but for some reason or other it did not do well this year. We received the same report from one end of the country to the other. We visited the Twin Falls District and found the Everbearing Strawberries were not doing well there as far as fruit was concerned. Everything was irrigated in this district and they had plenty of water to supply the needs yet the fruit was lacking. As a general proposition Everbearers pay to plant. Of course they require a rich soil and you get the best berries in the fall the first season planted. We have never been able to grow enough plants for our trade, but this season we have growing a good supply of the best plants we ever grew.

Progressive Everbearing Strawberries

LATE VARIETIES—Continued

BIG LATE (Imp.) This is one of Kellogg's productions, and is a late variety. The berry is very large and fine and the plant is hardy. It is productive and we believe is one of the best late plants to grow.

PRIZE (Imp.) Great claims are made by the introducer but so far it has not come up to expectations. The plant growth is not nearly as good as that of Big Late and it is not as productive. Some places it succeeds quite well.

PROGRESSIVE (Per.) Probably the greatest and best Everbearer. It was originated in Iowa and is a cross of the Dunlap and Pan-American. Almost as productive as the Dunlap. The plant resembles that well known sort, but not quite as strong a grower. Hardy and the foliage is very good. Good soil, plenty of moisture and good cultivation and you will get plenty of good berries the first season planted. The quality is good. The berry is too soft to ship. But for home use it cannot be beat. For canning or jam it is the best. The fact is the everbearers are far the best for all home uses, but too soft to handle commercially. Every strawberry bed should contain Progressive.

PEERLESS (Per.) Very much resembles Superb. Only we think it makes more plants.

SUPERB (Per.) Not a real everbearer. It bears a good crop in the fall and the June crop is very heavy. The fact is it is a good one to plant for a crop any time. Very productive, large even shaped berries, roundish and of excellent color and the berry is firm and good for market. It needs good soil and attention. As it makes few plants they will always be high priced. You will make no mistake if you plant Superb.

AMERICUS (Per.) This was one of the first everbearers introduced. Good size and fine flavor. The plant a good grower and prolific.

NEW CHAMPION (Per.) A new sort from Michigan. Better plant maker than Progressive and more productive. However the unfavorable season made it impossible for us to say positively what it might do. But we feel sure it will pay you to try it.

NEVERFAIL (Per.) Considering the seasons, this has done as well as any; plant growth is fine and it is prolific. Berry large, good color and size.



Superb



Americus

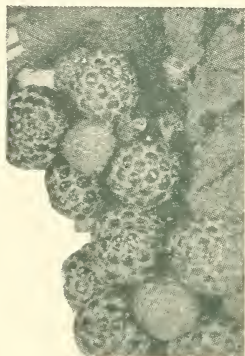


Cuthbert

Black Raspberries

For several years passed there have been fewer and fewer black raspberries planted until the market is almost bare of this fruit; there is a reason. The buying public think they should buy raspberries for as low price as strawberries; but it cannot be done. Consequently the public is going without this fine fruit. Black raspberries should always sell for double the price of strawberries to be profitable. The crop of plants this season is very short because of less acreage. So it is not likely that the black raspberry crop will be very large for years to come. Black raspberries require a deep rich loamy soil; well drained. They will withstand drouth much better than wet weather. A good way for the average farmer to do is to plant and cultivate well the first season; then when winter comes mulch deep enough to keep down weeds so it is not necessary to cultivate when he is busy. This keeps the ground cool and moist and insures a good crop of berries. Do not be afraid of putting on too much mulch.

CUMBERLAND. The standard late variety. Berry very large and fine. Cane extra good and healthy, prolific. It is the best variety to plant.



Cumberland

MILLER. Standard early sort. The cane is hardy. Berry fair size, good color.

CUTHBERT. The standard late sort. Berry very large and fine. Cane not always hardy but prolific.

KING. This is one of the best early reds; berry larger than the average, fine quality. Cane hardy.

Purple Raspberries

HAYMAKER. This well known variety has not been as much of a success the past three seasons. The berry is large, firm and good color. Prolific. Cane not always hardy.

CARDINAL. The hardest purple berry. Originated at Lawrence, Kansas. The berry is not as large as Haymaker and softer. Cane hardier and more prolific.



St. Regis

BLACK PEARL. Has proven to be the best in this part of Kansas and is largely planted. The berry is large and black. The cane is not as heavy as Cumberland, but healthy. Not an extra strong grower but good. About a week earlier than Cumberland.

Red Raspberries

Red raspberries can be grown successfully if taken care of right. They should be covered with earth or old litter in November and not taken up until late in the spring. Good cultivation will prove a benefit.

ST. REGIS. An everbearer and when weather is favorable it bears a good crop in the fall. We think the berry is a little small but good flavor. The cane is hardy and good grower.

ERSKINE PARK. Another everbearer and which is proving very satisfactory in many sections. Not as vigorous a grower as St. Regis. But the cane is hardier.



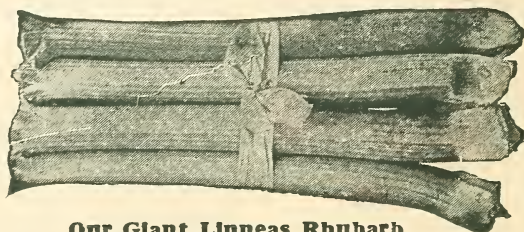
Cardinal

Sage

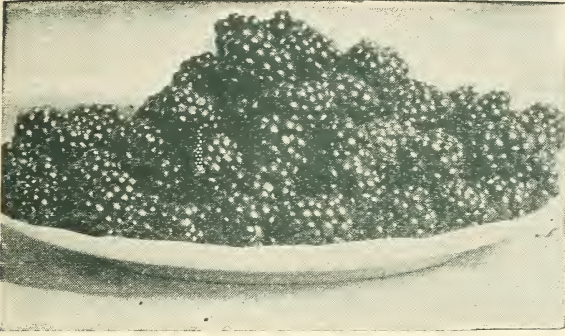
HOLT'S MAMMOTH SAGE. Every garden should have sage. It is a very ornamental growing plant and every one delights to have sage where they can easily get it on short notice. Plants. 15c each; 12 for \$1.00; 100 for \$6.00.

Rhubarb

One of the most popular garden crops. There is a great shortage of rhubarb everywhere. We are glad to say we have a good supply of plants. Victoria and Linneas, 10c each; 10 for 80c; 100 for \$6.00; 1000 for \$45.00.



Our Giant Linneas Rhubarb
More Rhubarb should be planted



Early Harvest

Blackberries

Next to strawberries this is the most popular berry. It requires a fairly good soil, well drained. Timber land is the best. You can always sell blackberries at a good price and there is a good demand at the present time. We think the shortage of blackberries is so far below normal that we are sure it will be several years before the market is fully supplied. Most of our supply of plants are sucker plants. We have some root-cutting plants. Also some two-year plants; all of which you will find priced in price list. These extra heavy plants will give you a full crop one year earlier.

SNYDER. The standard blackberry. Cane is very hardy. Fruit of medium size and good quality. Its great fault is a tendency to overbear and cane should be cut back at least one-third in the spring; you will get better berries if you do.

EARLY HARVEST. A standard early berry. Cane is not always hardy, berry is of medium size, good flavor and very prolific. Because of its earliness the fruit always brings a good price.



Eldorado

ELDORADO. A very large berry of the finest flavor. Season late, cane very hardy. Buds sometimes winter-kill and for that reason is not always prolific.

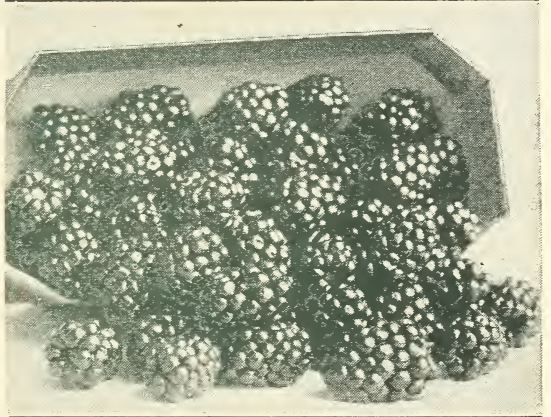
RATHBUN. The largest blackberry grown. Very good flavor. Cane is not hardy.

WARD. One of our largest and best flavored berries. Cane is not extra hardy.

MERCEREAU. The thriftiest grower we have. Under favorable circumstances they are very prolific. Berries are very large and good flavor.

BLOWERS. Resembles the Snyder in productiveness and in hardness of cane. Berry a little larger and not quite as good flavor.

TAYLOR. A very good berry. Cane is very thorny.



Mercereau

ANCIENT BRITTON. Is another very hardy variety. Berry of medium size. Cane growth fair, must be cut back considerable to get best results.

EARLY KING. The largest early blackberry, but because the cane is very thorny is not popular.

MCDONALD. Succeeds well in the South. In cane growth it is a cross between blackberry and dewberry. The berry is extra large and luscious.

DALLAS. A new berry that succeeds well in the South. Cane is not hardy with us.

ROBINSON. Cane of this variety resembles the Early Harvest. It is a real Blackberry and is very large and early. We think it is better than the Early Harvest.

ICEBERG. Here is a genuine white blackberry which produces good crops of good fruit and is quite a novelty.

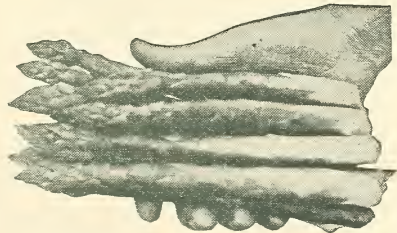
KITTATINY. This is one of the old sorts that produces the largest and finest berries.

Horseradish

COMMON. 25 for 35c; \$1.00 per 100; \$7.00 per M.
MALINER KREN. 25 for 50c; \$1.25 per 100; \$8.50 per M.

Asparagus

Probably no other crop is so widely grown as Asparagus. There is never too large a supply for the season. It requires three years before a full crop can be cut. Requires rich soil, good cultivation. Easiest way to plant is to furrow the ground with a lister. Plant the plants about eighteen inches apart in the rows and crown about three or four inches below the surface. Cover them shallow and work the soil to them during the season. Do not cut too much from the field for at least three years. We grow Palmetto, Conover's Colossal,



Mammoth White Asparagus

Columbian, Mammoth White, Giant Argenteuil, Bonvallett's Giant. One year, \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1000. Two year, \$1.25 per 100; \$7.00 per 1000.

Grapes



Niagara



Concord

Grape vines are becoming more plentiful and consequently lower in price. There is an unusually heavy demand for grape vines everywhere. Really it is one of the surest fruits to bear a crop every year and it is an easy crop to grow. Gravelly, well drained soil is the best. You must be sure your soil is well drained. Plant in rows eight or nine feet apart and six feet apart in the rows. Give good cultivation. After the first year they should be trellised. Trimming should always be done early in the spring before the sap starts.

CONCORD. The standard black grape and is best of all. It is sure to give you fruit almost every season with ordinary care. Perfectly hardy. Everybody plants Concord. **Price.** One year No. 1, 15c each; 10 for \$1.00; 100 for \$6.00; 1,000 for \$50.00.

No. 2, two-thirds the above price.

Two year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$10.00; 1,000 for \$70.00.

MOORE'S EARLY. The best well known early black grape. It is very large and good quality. **Price.** One year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.50; 1000 for \$110.00.

MOORE'S DIAMOND. A new white grape, giving great satisfaction everywhere. **PRICE.** One year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.50.

NIAGARA. One of the older white grapes and is of the best quality; the cane is not always hardy. But it will pay you to plant Niagara. **Price.** One year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.50.

WYOMING RED. One of the best quality red grapes. Medium early. **Price.** One year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.50.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY. New early black grape. Rapidly attaining first place. Give it a trial; we think it will pay you. **Price.** One year No. 1, 40c each; 10 for \$3.00; 100 for \$20.00.

CATAWBA. Very popular late red grape. Best quality. Be sure and include a few in your order. **Price.** One year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.50.

CACO. A new red grape that is doing remarkably well in the West. I have heard nothing but praise of this new variety. It is very hardy, color wine red, has an abundant bloom. Season very early. **Price** 50c each; 10 for \$4.00; 25 for \$7.50; 100 for \$25.00.



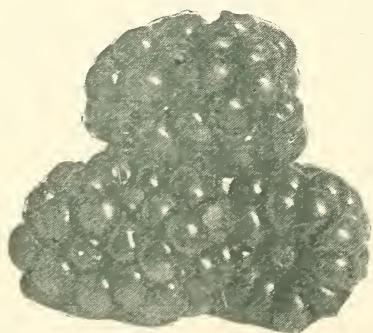
Moore's Early



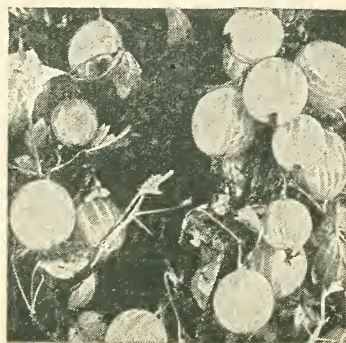
Catawba

PLANT EARLY

ORDER NOW



Lucretia Dewberries



Houghton Gooseberries

Dewberries

A thin soil is best for dewberries. They succeed over a large section of the country because we get orders from all sections.

LUCRETIA. A standard variety that is planted everywhere; the season is medium late. The berry is very large and fine flavored.

AUSTIN. This berry is a little larger and better flavored than Lucretia.

PREMO. Similar to Lucretia. The blossoms must be pollinized by Lucretia, as they will not bear fruit alone.

Gooseberries

The shortage in gooseberry plants is as great as any other. There are only two varieties that succeed well in the west.

CARRIE. An improvement over Houghton. **Price.** One year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.50.

HOUGHTON. This variety is hardy and prolific. Berry of medium size. **Price.** One year No. 1, 20c each; 10 for \$1.50; 100 for \$12.50.



Louis Van Houtti Peonies

Peonies

The longer we grow peonies the better we like them. No flower excels the peonies for gorgeousness and they bloom first in the spring. They require rich soil. It is far best to plant them in the fall. Very early spring will do. We reserve the right when we receive orders for peonies late in the spring to hold them for delivery in September. Oftentimes when you remove the plants in the late spring it requires two or three years for them to come into blooming. Generally they will bloom about Decoration Day and we nearly always have flowers for sale at that time. We sell them postpaid for \$1.25 per dozen. If for any reason or other we cannot supply them you will be notified and your money returned before Decoration Day. We supplied quite a number this way last year and only one order went astray.

FESTIVA MAXIMA. Best known, pure white, early. A wonderful bloomer. 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

COLONEL WILDER. Bright crimson, very double, mid-season. 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

EDULIS SUPERBA. Very large, bright rose, early. 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

NIGRA. Full double and darkest crimson of any. ate. 45c each; \$3.50 per 10.



Double Dahlia

POTTSI. Dark crimson, early, 45c each; \$3.50 per 10.

L'ESPERENCE. Beautiful rosy pink, early, very free bloomer. 45c each; \$3.50 per 10.

GRANDIFLORA RUBRA. Beautiful crimson, very large bloom, some specimens the last season more than six inches across. This is a wonderful peony; will give satisfaction to any one. Plants must be three years old to get best results. \$1.00 each; \$8.00 per 10.

ACHILLEA. Light pink. 30c each; \$2.50 per 10.

MARIE LEMOINE. Beautiful light pink, very profuse bloomer. 40c each; \$3.00 per 10.

LOUIS VAN HOUTTI. Deep, dark crimson with long strong stems. Sometimes just a little late for Decoration Day. 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

MRS. DOUGLAS. Pure white bloom, extra large, very double, a wonderful bloomer. 75c each; \$6.00 per 10.

PLENISSIMA-ROSEA. Large, full double bright rose, mid-season. 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

Cannas

We have been growing Cannas in a small way for several seasons. It is one of the grandest of bedding plants. They make a quick growth and are very ornamental.

KING HUMBERT. Five feet tall. Bright scarlet in color. Foliage broad and massive and coppery bronze

VENICE. A beautiful red. Long erect stems. Large light green foliage. Price. 15c each; 10 for \$1.25, postpaid. 100 for \$10.00.

Dahlias

This is one of the best known flowers. Do not plant too early. The flower is tender and the hot summer sun blights them if it blooms too early. Our field of dahlias was wonderful to all who saw them in the best season. Those who visited our farm during September and early October were delighted with the beautiful dahlias. Our bulbs are a little larger than usual.

In named varieties, all colors, 25c each; 10 for \$2.00.

Red, unnamed, 15c each; 10 for \$1.25.

White, pink and yellow, 10c each; 10 for 80c; 100 for \$7.00.

Mixed, all sorts of colors, 10 for 75c; \$6.00 per 100.

ORDER EARLY



King Humbert Canna

Parcel Post Shipments

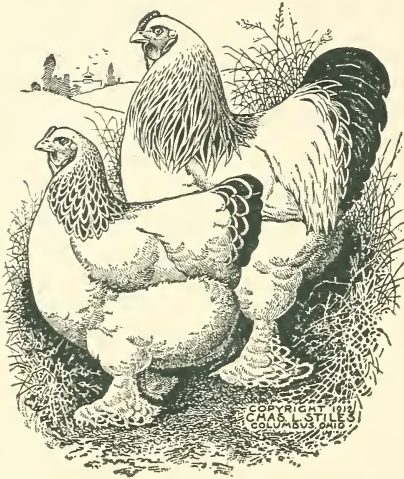
We are probably better located to ship plants by parcel post than any other firm. We are situated almost in the center of the United States and can reach all parts quickly and cheaper than all other plant nurseries. Plants sent by parcel post will be delivered at your door by rural carrier. If you send more money than needed for parcel post the balance will be returned. If less money is sent, notation will be sent on card of notification when plants are shipped. Parcel post rates in weight of plants are given below:

Parcel Post Rates

Zone	1st Lb.	Additional Pound.
1st.	5c	1c for each lb. or fraction.
2d.	5c	1c for each lb. or fraction.
3d.	6c	2c for each lb. or fraction.
4th.	7c	4c for each lb. or fraction.
5th.	8c	6c for each lb. or fraction.
6th.	9c	8c for each lb. or fraction.
7th.	11c	10c for each lb. or fraction.
8th.	12c	12c for each lb. or fraction.

The estimated weight of plants per 100 is:

Strawberries.	100 plants, 4 lbs.
Raspberries.	100 plants, 5 lbs.
Blackberries.	100 plants, 4 lbs.
Dewberries.	100 plants, 4 lbs.
Gooseberries.	100 plants, 8 lbs.
Grapes.	100 plants, 12 lbs.
Asparagus.	100 plants, 10 lbs.
Rhubarb.	100 plants, 20 lbs.
Dahlias.	100 plants, 15 lbs.



Light Brahmas

For almost forty years we have bred Light Brahma chickens in Jackson County and we have never been defeated in a competitive show.

Eggs for hatching: \$2.50 per setting; 50 for \$6.00; 100 for \$10.00.

F. W. DIXON

Member American Association of Nurserymen

HOLTON, KANSAS

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No. B349.

OFFICE OF STATE ENTOMOLOGIST
AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

Manhattan, Kansas, July 20, 1923.

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION.

This is to certify, that in accordance with Chapter 386, Section 7, of Session Laws of 1907, the nursery stock now growing for sale by F. W. Dixon of Holton, Kansas, has been inspected by a duly authorized inspector and found apparently free from dangerously injurious insects and plant diseases.

Invalid after June 1, 1924.

GEO. A. DEAN, State Entomologist.

Wilson's Egg Bred, Winning S. C Buff Leg-horns; Eggs, \$3.00 for 15; \$12.00 for 100.

White Cochon Bantams; Eggs, \$1.25 per setting
S. C. Reds; Eggs, \$3.00 for 15.

HERB D. WILSON

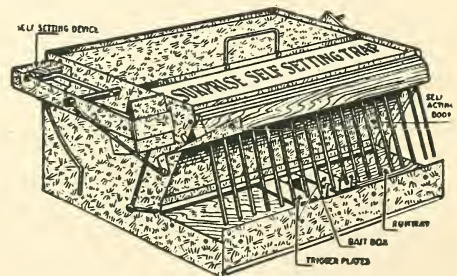
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Box D

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Holton, Kansas

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- Building plans; landscaping; improving your lawn—
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- How to prune and transplant—What shrubs winter kill—
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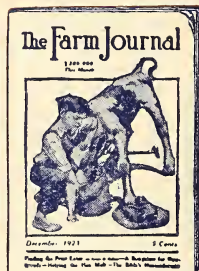
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	10	25	100	300	1000
August Luther (Per.)	\$.15	\$.30	\$.90	\$ 1.75	\$ 4.50

STRAWBERRIES—Early Varieties.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Bederwood (Per.)	\$.15	\$.30	\$.90	\$1.75	\$4.50
Collins (Per.)	.15	.30	.90	1.75	4.50
Howard, No. 17 (Per.)	.15	.30	1.00	2.25	6.00
Klondike (Per.)	.15	.30	.90	1.75	4.50
Premier (Per.)	.15	.30	1.00	2.25	6.00

STRAWBERRIES—Medium Varieties.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Black Beauty (Per.)	\$.20	\$.40	\$1.25	\$3.25	\$7.00
Dr. Burrill (Per.)	.15	.25	.75	1.50	4.00
Gibson (Per.)	.15	.30	1.00	2.25	6.00
Grand Marie (Per.)	.20	.40	1.25	3.25	7.00
Senator Dunlap (Per.)	.15	.25	.75	1.50	3.75
Warfield (Imp.)	.15	.25	.75	1.50	4.00

STRAWBERRIES—Late Varieties.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Aroma (Per.)	\$.15	\$.30	\$.80	\$1.50	\$4.00
Big Late (Imp.)	.15	.30	.90	1.75	4.50
Brandywine (Per.)	.15	.25	.85	2.25	5.50
Gandy (Per.)	.15	.30	.90	1.75	4.50
Prize (Imp.)	.15	.30	.90	1.75	4.50
Glen Mary (Per.)	.20	.40	1.25	3.25	7.00
Sample (Imp.)	.20	.40	1.25	3.25	7.00

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Americus (Per.)	\$.25	\$.50	\$1.25	\$3.00	\$9.00
Progressive (Per.)	.25	.50	1.25	3.00	9.00
Superb (Per.)	.25	.50	1.25	3.00	9.00
Peerless (Per.)	.25	.50	1.25	3.00	9.00
Never-Fail (Per.)	.25	.50	1.25	3.00	9.00
New Champion (Per.)	.35	.75	1.75	4.00	12.00

All varieties marked (Per.) are perfect blooming varieties and do not need others planted with them. Those marked (Imp.) are imperfect and must have some perfect bloom sort planted with them. Do not forget the fact that we are selling the best plants at a fair price.

BLACK RASPBERRIES.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Black Pearl	\$.40	\$.75	\$2.50	\$7.00	\$20.00
Cumberland	.40	.75	2.50	7.00	20.00

RED RASPBERRIES.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Cuthbert	\$.40	\$.75	\$2.50	\$7.00	\$18.00
Erskine Park	.75	1.50	4.00	9.00	25.00
St. Regis	.40	.75	2.50	7.00	18.00
Kling	.40	.75	2.50	7.00	18.00
Miller	.40	.75	2.50	7.00	18.00

PURPLE RASPBERRIES.

	10	25	100
Cardinal	\$1.00	\$2.25	\$4.50
Haymaker	1.00	2.25	4.50

DEWBERRIES.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Austin, 2-year	\$.50	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$7.00	\$20.00
Austin Suckers or Tips	.35	.75	2.00	5.00	14.00
Lucretia, 2-year	.50	1.00	3.00	7.00	20.00
Lucretia, 1-year Suckers or Tips	.35	.75	2.00	5.00	14.00
Premo, 2-year	.50	1.00	3.00	7.00	20.00

BLACKBERRIES—Sucker Plants.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Ancient Britton	\$.50	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$7.00	\$20.00
Blowers	.50	1.00	2.50	7.00	20.00
Eldorado	.50	1.00	4.00	10.00	30.00
Dallas	.35	.75	2.00	5.00	14.00
Early Harvest	.40	.80	2.50	7.00	18.00
Early King	.40	.80	2.50	7.00	18.00
McDonald	.35	.75	2.00	5.00	14.00
Iceberg	.50	1.00	3.00		
Mercereau	.50	1.00	2.50	7.00	20.00
Rathbun	.50	1.00	2.50	7.00	20.00
Kittatiny	.50	1.00	3.00	7.00	20.00
Robinson	.50	1.00	3.00	7.50	22.00
Snyder	.50	1.00	2.50	7.00	20.00
Taylor	.50	1.00	2.50	7.00	20.00
Ward	.50	1.00	3.00	7.50	22.00

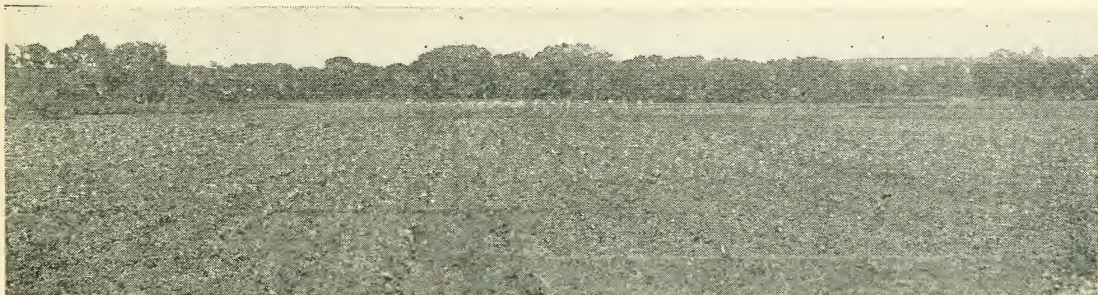
ROOT CUTTING PLANTS—1 and 2 Years Old.

When planting blackberries you get the best results by planting root cutting plants and especially do you get best results when planting 2-year-old plants. Two-year-old root cutting plants will produce a good crop the next year after planting if taken care of. You get full crops one year early, having plants paid for before smaller plants come into full bearing.

BLACKBERRIES—Root Cutting Plants.

	10	25	100	300	1000
Ancient Britton 2-year	\$.75	\$1.50	\$4.50	\$12.00	\$35.00
Dallas, 1-year	.60	1.00	2.50	6.00	18.00
Kittatiny, 1-yr	.60	1.00	3.00	7.50	22.00
Kittatiny, 2-yr	.75	1.50	4.50	12.00	35.00
Blowers, 2-year	.75	1.50	4.50	12.00	35.00
Blowers, 1-year	.60	1.00	3.00	8.00	25.00
Mercereau, 1-year	.60	1.00	3.00	8.00	25.00
McDonald, 1-year	.60	1.50	2.50	6.00	18.00
Snyder, 1-year	.60	1.00	3.00	8.00	25.00
Eldorado, 2-yrs	.75	1.50	4.50	12.00	35.00
Early Harvest, 1 year	.40	.80	2.50	7.00	18.00
Early Harvest, 2-year	.60	1.00	3.00	8.00	25.00
Ward, 2-year	.75	1.50	4.50	12.00	35.00

Fifty plants of one variety at hundred rates.
Five hundred plants of one variety at thousand rates; this does not mean that five hundred plants of several varieties will be sold at thousand rates.
See page two for discount on large orders.



Hoeling Strawberries, July, 1923



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